Global Markets Monitor

MONDAY, JANUARY 13, 2020

- US equities reached another record high Friday before sliding lower (link)
- FX hedging costs for non-US investors become less expensive (link)
- British industrial production declines more than expected (link)
- Emerging market bond and equity funds continue to see inflows (link)
- North Asian equities gain on US-China trade deal optimism (link)

<u>US</u> | <u>Europe</u> | <u>Other Mature</u> | <u>Emerging Markets</u> | <u>Market Tables</u>

Asian equities rise as trade deal signing approaches

Markets are mixed so far this morning as Asian stocks moved higher while many European indices are showing small losses. US equity futures are pointing to small gains heading into the market open. As fears of Middle East tensions ease, investors are turning their attention to the upcoming signing of the US/China trade deal on Wednesday as well as Q4 earnings releases which will kick off in earnest this week. President Trump has already indicated that he wants discussions of a Phase 2 trade deal to start immediately, raising the prospect that trade news may continue to be a dominant market mover in the months ahead. The British pound is weaker this morning on speculation that the BoE will cut rates in the near future. This was driven by dovish comments from MPC members as well as weaker than expected industrial production data released this morning. Most emerging market currencies are strengthening so far today, with Chile the largest exception. The peso is down about 0.8%, its third straight decline, falling to its lowest level in about a month as the central bank signaled no intervention in the near term.

Key Global Financial Indicators

Last updated:	Leve	l	C				
1/13/20 8:08 AM	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD
Equities				9	%		%
S&P 500		3265	-0.3	1	3	26	1
Eurostoxx 50		3785	-0.1	1	1	23	1
Nikkei 225	- Amy my	23851	0.5	1	-1	17	1
MSCI EM	and market	46	0.7	1	3	13	2
Yields and Spreads				b	ps		
US 10y Yield	and the same	1.84	-3.5	3	1	-86	-8
Germany 10y Yield	and the same	-0.18	2.3	11	11	-42	1
EMBIG Sovereign Spread	monthment	295	-2	-7	-13	-96	2
FX / Commodities / Volatility				9	%		
EM FX vs. USD, (+) = appreciation	www.	61.1	-0.1	0	0	-3	0
Dollar index, (+) = \$ appreciation	man many	97.4	0.1	1	0	2	1
Brent Crude Oil (\$/barrel)	mandy my man	64.9	-0.2	-6	-1	7	-2
VIX Index (%, change in pp)	mumber	12.8	0.2	-1	0	-5	-1

Colors denote tightening/easing financial conditions for observations greater than ±1.5 standard deviations. Data source: Bloomberg.

As fears of rising geopolitical risks have faded away, market focus is likely to shift to fundamentals in the week ahead. US large banks are expected to report their Q4 earnings to kick off the season. Notable economic data releases include Q4GDP in China (Thursday, 6.0%yoy cons.), CPI/PPI inflation, industrial production, and retail sales in the US. On the monetary policy front, there are central bank meetings in Turkey (50bps cut exp.), South Africa (unchanged exp.), Korea (unchanged exp.), and Egypt (75bps cut exp.).

United States back to top

The US stock market managed to finish the week higher as geopolitical risks continued to fade. Despite a slightly weaker-than-expected US job report, risk-on sentiment overnight supported the Dow Jones Industrial Average, which traded above 29,000 for the first time Friday morning, before sliding lower to close -0.5% down on the day. Gold futures advanced as the US administration has moved to impose new sanctions on Iran, fueling demand for the metal as a haven asset. House Speaker Nancy Pelosi hinted she would send the articles of impeachment against President Trump to the Senate this week. Meanwhile, the betting markets see only a 10% chance that President Trump will leave the office early before the end of his first term.

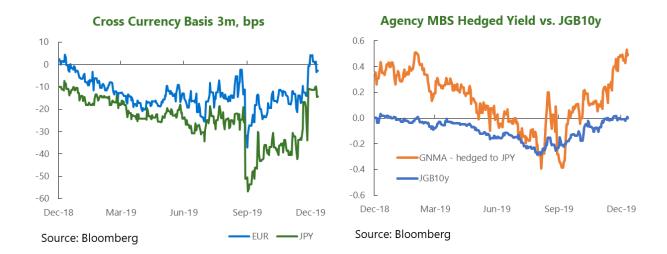


VIX declined to the lower end of the trading range in line with subdued policy uncertainty. The continued calming of the geopolitical and trade environment pushed the equity implied volatility index lower. Meanwhile, the cost of insurance against large drops of the S&P 500 remains relatively high, as indicated by the SKEW index, which suggests that investors are cautiously bullish.



Treasury yields declined Friday with the curve bull-flattening following a strong 30-year bond auction. Solid investor demand for duration continued despite receding fears for geopolitical risks, outweighing the recent supply pressure from the corporate sector. According to the latest data by CFTC, speculators pared back their short positions on 10-year Treasury futures by 24% in the week ended January 7.

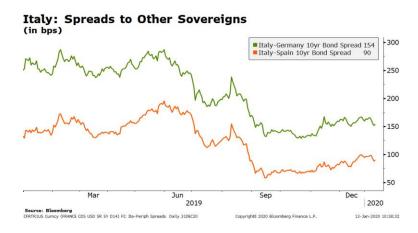
Hedging cost for non-US investors has become much less expensive. As the Fed provided \$256 bn of temporary liquidity via open market operation over the end of the year to avoid funding strains, the US repo markets were calm at the end of the year. Correspondingly, international dollar funding cost became cheap across year-end, as indicated by the cross-currency basis. Narrower (less negative) cross-currency basis offers cheaper hedging costs for non-US investors when they purchase USD assets. For example, US agency MBS, Ginnie Mae, currently offers 50bps higher yield than 10-year JGBs on a hedged basis, which may attract yield-hungry Japanese investors.



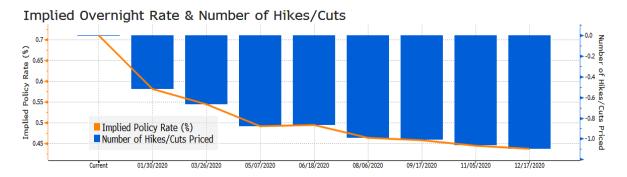
Europe back to top

Equities in core European markets are making mild gains this morning: DAX (+0.1%), CAC 40 (0.3%), EuroStoxx 600 (+0.1%). Stocks in Italy (-0.3%) and Spain (-0.2%) retreated, however. Bank stocks (-0.5%) underperformed.

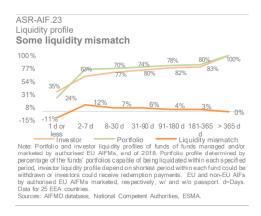
Sovereign debt yields added 1 bp to 5 bps across tenors, leading to a small steepening of national yield curves. German yield curve: 2-year +1 bp to -0.58%, 10-year +2 bps to -0.17%. French yield curve: 2-year +1 bp to -0.56%, 10-year +3 bps to 0.07%. Italy yield curve: 2-year +3 bps to -0.03%, 10-year +5 bps to 1.36%.

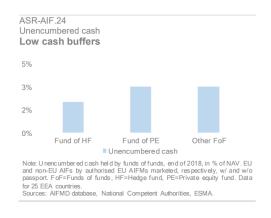


British industrial production contracted beyond expectations in November: -1.6% y/y actual versus -1.2% y/y expected. Construction output, on the other hand, expanded at a 2.0% y/y clip, defeating forecasts of a 1.4% contraction. The pound retreated 0.7% following the data release today and it's now trading at \$1.29. The weak economic data, plus the latest dovish comments by MPC members Mrs. Tenreyro and Mr. Vlieghe, have pushed up the odds of a rate cut by the BoE at its next meeting on Jan 30th. Markets now assign a 52% probability of a cut in rates. The domestic-oriented FTSE 250 added 1.1% today, while the FTSE 100 gained 0.5%.



The European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA) estimates that alternative investment funds (AIF) have expanded to about €5.8 tn in 2018 (+11% from 2017). In its 2020 Annual Report, ESMA highlighted the liquidity mismatches present in many of these investments, noting that investors in Funds of Funds – which account for 14% of all AIF – are typically able to redeem 35% of their net asset value (NAV) in one day, while "only 24% of assets could be liquidated within this time frame." Similarly, ESMA said that real estate funds face a "structural vulnerability as the maturities of assets and liabilities are not aligned." ESMA also estimate that funds of funds have low cash buffers.





Other Mature Markets

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Commodities

Oil prices have stabilized as US-Iran tensions have receded. Brent (+0.2%) and WTI (+0.2%) traded at \$65/barrel and \$59/barrel on Monday. Despite the return of quiet trading conditions, analysts remain wary of a possible re-escalation of tensions, with various studies (cf. JP Morgan research) estimating a potential increase in oil prices of over \$80/barrel in the worst-case scenarios. In their words, "an attack on oil production in Iraqi Kurdistan would be relatively minor even if it lasted for six months, removing just 55mn barrels from output (roughly 0.3% of global output) with little impact on oil prices (+4%). By contrast, blocking the Strait of Hormuz for six months would remove 1,825mn barrels (10% of supply) from the market, lifting oil prices by \$83/bbl (or 126%). In between these extremes are scenarios that consider

additional military actions in Iraq and Iran that would reduce production in those countries from one to six months."

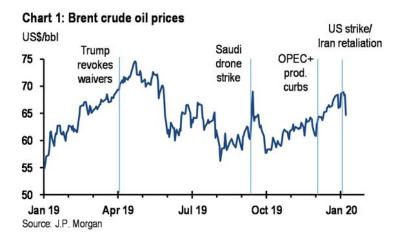


Table 1: Oil market, scenario impact analysis

	0	1 ma	nth disrupti	on	6 month disruption				
	Scenario impact — (mbd)	Bbl Price impact			Bbl	Price impact			
	(IIIDu)	(mn)	\$/bbl	%	(mn)	\$/bbl	%		
Iraqi Kurdistan	-0.3	-9	+0	+1	-55	+2	+4		
Total Iraq	-4.5	-131	+6	+9	-785	+36	+54		
Total Iraq, Iran	-4.8	-146	+7	+10	-876	+40	+60		
Strait Hormuz	-10.0	-304	+14	+21	-1,825	+83	+126		

Source: J.P. Morgan general equilibrium oil market model

Japan

Japanese markets were closed for a holiday. The yen depreciated 0.4%.

Emerging Markets back to top

Asian equities (+0.7%) rose amid positive risk sentiment ahead of the expected signing of the phase-one US-China trade deal. Hong Kong (+1.1%), Korea (+1.0%) and China (Shanghai +0.8%; Shenzhen +1.4%) outperformed. Southeast Asian markets, notably Malaysia (-0.4%), Vietnam (-0.3%), and Singapore (-0.2%), fell. Regional currencies appreciated, led by outperformance by the Indonesian rupiah (+0.7%) and the Korean won (+0.5%). EMEA equities mostly gained, led by Kuwait (+1.9%), Turkey (+1.4%), UAE (+0.8%), and Saudi Arabia (+0.7%). Currencies traded within a narrow ±0.1% corridor to the US dollar. Latin American equity markets were mostly higher on Friday. Chile outperformed as the equity index rose 2.0%, followed by Argentina (+1.7%) and Mexico. Local currencies were mixed. The Chilean peso underperformed (-0.6%), followed by the Colombian peso (-0.5%), while the Mexican peso saw gains. 10-year government bond yields were mixed as well.

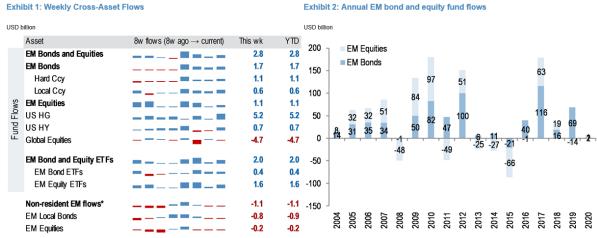
Key Emerging Market Financial Indicators

Last updated:	Lev	el					
1/13/20 8:09 AM	Last 12m	index	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD
Major EM Benchmarks				(%		%
MSCI EM Equities	my was	45.59	0.7	1	3	13	2
MSCI Frontier Equities	and the same	30.76	0.3	1	3	12	1
EMBIG Sovereign Spread (in bps)	myson	295	-2	-7	-13	-96	2
EM FX vs. USD	m	61.13	-0.1	0	0	-3	0
Major EM FX vs. USD	·		%, (
China Renminbi	~~~~~	6.89	0.4	1	1	-2	1
Indonesian Rupiah	www	13673	0.7	2	2	3	1
Indian Rupee	my my	70.86	0.1	2	0	0	1
Argentine Peso		59.81	0.0	0	0	-38	0
Brazil Real	and freeze	4.12	-0.6	-1	0	-10	-2
Mexican Peso	marahan	18.79	0.0	0	1	1	1
Russian Ruble	morning	61.19	-0.3	1	3	10	1
South African Rand	maram	14.37	0.0	-1	1	-4	-3
Turkish Lira	- Arenandary	5.86	0.3	2	-1	-7	2
EM FX volatility	man man	6.41	0.2	-0.3	-0.3	-3.1	-0.2

Colors denote tightening/easing financial conditions for observations greater than ±1.5 standard deviations. Data source: Bloomberg.

EM Fund Flows

EM bond fund continued to benefit from inflows (+\$1.7 bn) last week, and EM equity saw inflows as well (+\$1.1 bn). Among bond funds, inflows to hard currency funds were +\$1.1 bn last week, while local currency funds saw inflows for the 6th consecutive week (+\$577 mn). The main driver for the inflows of EM equity funds was ETFs (+\$1.6 bn), while non-ETF suffered from redemptions (-\$534 mn).

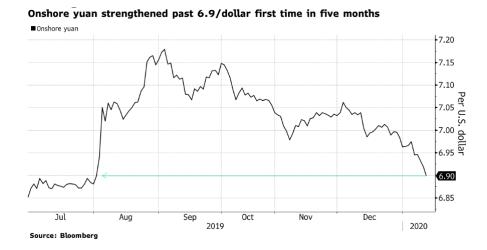


*Using high frequency non-resident EM portfolio flow data where available. Source – All charts and data in this report: J.P. Morgan, EPFR Global, Bloomberg

China

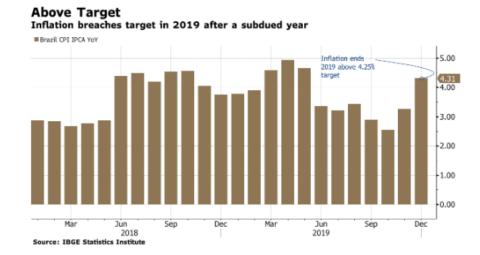
Equities (Shanghai +0.8%; Shenzhen +1.4%) were led higher by US-China trade optimism, with tech outperforming. The US and China are expected to sign the phase-one trade deal on January 15 and the details are slated to be released this week, according to US Treasury Steven Mnuchin. He stated that China's commitments in the deal were unchanged during the translation process. China is still looking to purchase \$40 bn - \$50 bn worth of US agricultural products annually and a total of \$200 bn of US goods over two years. Donald Trump also wants phase-two of negotiations to start "right away". In addition, the US Treasury Department is proposing to revive semi-annual talks with China to discuss the economic relationship between the two sides, according to Bloomberg. However, this would be separate

from the phase-two talks. The onshore (+0.4%) and offshore RMB (+0.3%) strengthened, appreciating past CNY6.9/USD for the first time since July-August 2019.



Brazil

Brazil's IPCA Inflation rose 1.15% in December, higher than the Bloomberg consensus forecast (+1.08%). In annual terms, the consumer prices ended 2019 at 4.31 y/y, marginally above the 4.25% target. The main driver of the increase was food (3.38%), especially from the jump of price increases in beef, bean, and tomatoes. Analysts commented that Brazil's central bank is unlikely to deliver another interest rate cut in early 2020 with the above-target inflation. The market didn't react much to the data, with domestic equities slightly lower, and the peso mostly unchanged.



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Global Financial Indicators

Last updated:	Leve	el					
1/13/20 8:09 AM	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD
Equities				9	6		%
United States		3265	-0.3	1	3	26	1
Europe	and the same	3785	-0.1	1	1	23	1
Japan	my my	23851	0.5	1	-1	17	1
China	Jana	3116	0.8	1	5	22	2
Asia Ex Japan	and any	75	0.6	2	4	15	2
Emerging Markets	my was	46	0.7	1	3	13	2
Interest Rates				basis	points		
US 10y Yield		1.84	-3.5	3	1	-86	-8
Germany 10y Yield		-0.18	2.3	11	11	-42	1
Japan 10y Yield	white the same of	0.00	-1.0	1	1	-2	1
UK 10y Yield	and the same	0.73	-3.7	-4	-6	-56	-9
Credit Spreads				basis	points		
US Investment Grade	maning	103	-0.2	-3	-6	-40	5
US High Yield	my many	394	-2.6	-8	-31	-59	0
Europe IG	money	43	0.0	-2	-3	-39	-1
Europe HY	man	206	0.5	-6	-9	-136	-1
EMBIG Sovereign Spread	mynn	295	-2.0	-7	-13	-96	2
Exchange Rates				9/			
USD/Majors	Mary Mary Mary	97.45	0.1	1	0	2	1
EUR/USD	and who was	1.11	0.0	-1	0	-3	-1
USD/JPY	way way	109.9	-0.4	-1	0	-2	-1
EM/USD		61.1	-0.1	0	0	-3	0
Commodities	A	0.5		9		_	•
Brent Crude Oil (\$/barrel)	war Josephania	65	-0.2	-6	-1	7	-2
Industrials Metals (index)	W. Marra	116	-0.2	1	2	4	1
Agriculture (index)	why	41	-0.3	0	2	-3	-1
Implied Volatility				9	6		
VIX Index (%, change in pp)	and when	12.8	0.2	-1.1	0.1	-5.4	-1.0
10y Treasury Volatility Index	and what have a	3.7	-0.3	-0.6	-0.4	-0.3	-0.4
Global FX Volatility	and my man	5.5	0.0	-0.5	-0.4	-3.0	-0.5
EA Sovereign Spreads			10-Yea	ar spread v	s. Germany	(bps)	
Greece	market and a second	154	-1.3	-15	-10	-252	-11
Italy	many	155	2.6	-10	0	-107	-5
Portugal	many -	60	0.4	-6	-6	-87	-3
Spain	mymm	64	0.4	-4	-6	-56	-1

Colors denote tightening/easing financial conditions for observations greater than ± 1.5 standard deviations. Data source: Bloomberg.

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Emerging Market Financial Indicators

Last updated:	Exchange Rates						Local Currency Bond Yields (GBI EM)							
1/13/2020	Level			Chang	e (in %)			Level	Change (in basis points)					
8:09 AM	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD
		vs. USD	(-	+) = EM a	ppreciatio	n			% p.a.					
China	**************************************	6.89	0.4	1.2	1	-2	1	and Manager and	3.1	-1.8	-3	-11	4	-2
Indonesia	my	13673	0.7	2.0	2	3	1	my	7.0	-3.9	-13	-19	-117	-12
India	way was something	71	0.1	1.5	0	0	1	man	6.9	3.8	7	-10	-63	1
Philippines	MANNEN	50	0.3	1.3	0	4	0	Marin	4.3	4.8	0	5	-191	1
Thailand	work	30	0.1	-0.2	0	6	-2		1.5	-1.5	-1	-15	-115	-8
Malaysia	www.	4.06	0.3	1.0	2	1	1	my	3.3	0.0	-2	-11	-75	-6
Argentina		60	0.0	0.0	0	-38	0	^	50.1	-82.7	-1151	-3812	2777	-1252
Brazil	ment on the	4.12	-0.6	-1.3	0	-10	-2	wang man	6.2	1.1	-5	5	-192	-7
Chile	munch.	778	-0.8	-0.8	-2	-14	-3	and the same	3.5	6.4	20	-22	-99	20
Colombia	my	3279	-0.2	-1.0	3	-4	0	manyman	5.8	-4.2	-23	-20	-77	-20
Mexico	mynummer	18.79	0.0	0.3	1	1	1	en-whomen	6.9	-4.1	2	-6	-180	-3
Peru	min min	3.3	-0.3	-0.5	2	0	-1	and the same	4.4	-2.4	-3	-5	-125	-9
Uruguay		37	0.3	0.3	2	-12	0		10.8	-0.7	-2	-43	19	-8
Hungary	www.ww	300	0.0	-1.9	-1	-7	-2	mynne	1.2	-1.3	5	13	-98	-2
Poland	monday	3.81	0.1	-0.7	1	-2	0	are way was	2.0	0.3	16	22	-29	13
Romania	munden	4.3	0.1	-0.7	0	-5	-1	anny men	3.9	-2.0	-7	-23	-23	-10
Russia	wwwwww	61.2	-0.3	1.0	3	10	1	- monday	6.0	-10.8	-14	-26	-219	-13
South Africa	my my	14.4	0.0	-1.1	1	-4	-3	many mar	9.5	-1.7	2	-19	9	0
Turkey	- Amount	5.86	0.3	1.8	-1	-7	2	-manual	11.0	-38.0	-88	-99	-626	-70
US (DXY; 5y UST)	my my man	97	0.1	8.0	0	2	1	and when the same	1.65	1.5	4	-1	-88	-4

	Equity Markets							Bond Spreads on USD Debt (EMBIG)						
	Level			Chang	e (in %)			Level		Change (in basis points)				
	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD
								basis poir	nts					
China	manne	3116	0.8	1	5	22	2	Mahmayamphagor	174	-2	-3	-5	-14	-2
Indonesia	my	6297	0.3	1	2	-1	0	mayouthouse	161	-3	-4	-8	-53	5
India	warman and a second	41860	0.6	3	2	16	1	Market Ma	127	1	1	4	-64	2
Philippines	mayorty	7777	0.0	-1	-1	-2	0	cheenty may have	72	-4	-2	-5	-32	6
Malaysia	whomphome	1585	-0.4	-1	1	-6	0	mongolina	105	-1	-4	-10	-51	-7
Argentina	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	42740	1.7	6	16	26	3		1864	46	-78	-250	1160	95
Brazil	manne	115503	-0.4	-1	3	23	0	many prior	211	-2	-10	-8	-45	-4
Chile	-many	4993	2.0	2	2	-7	7	mondorage	140	-1	3	-5	-11	7
Colombia	~~~~~	1655	0.1	-1	1	19	0	minghour	169	-1	1	0	-30	6
Mexico	www	44660	0.2	0	1	3	3	my my my	295	-2	-1	-13	-46	3
Peru	mann	20447	0.1	0	2	4	0	maynyman	111	-1	-2	-6	-44	4
Hungary	~~~~~~	45194	-0.4	1	-1	11	-2	The hope by have	90	-2	-3	-5	-48	4
Poland	my Vary	58940	0.4	1	4	-1	2	annus hadagemen	19	-2	-4	-4	-45	1
Romania	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	10015	0.6	2	1	38	0	man harry	173	2	-5	-13	-35	0
Russia		3130	0.2	2	4	28	3	May may make the same of the s	141	-2	-7	0	-89	10
South Africa	~~~~~	57433	-0.1	0	1	7	1	man man	326	2	1	-24	-6	6
Turkey	manne	120395	1.5	8	9	31	5	mmy my	393	-4	-16	-24	-55	-8
Ukraine	my	512	0.0	0	0	-9	0	many	375	-5	-21	-58	-377	-45
EM total	my w	46	0.7	1	3	13	2	myour	295	-2	-7	-13	-96	2

Colors denote tightening/easing financial conditions for observations greater than ±1.5 standard deviations. Data source: Bloomberg.

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